Introduction
Anterior abdominal wall defects are one of the frequently encountered congenital anomalies. The prenatal diagnosis is important in terms of giving birth in optimal conditions. In this paper, it is aimed to report a case with gastroschisis operated in our hospital, also utilizing the current literature.

Presentation of case
The 28-year-old G3P2A2. During the ultrasonography examination performed to the mother in the fourth month of pregnancy, followed up in Zainoel Abidin Public Hospital regularly, an image associated with anterior abdominal wall defect was detected and prenatal diagnosis was established. At 37-38 weeks of gestational age patient came to our hospital with uterine contraction 12 hours before admission. An emergency c-section was performed for termination of pregnancy. The patient followed up after birth in the newborn intensive care unit, was operated in postnatal first day considering the diagnosis of gastroschisis. When the patient came for follow-ups at postoperative 1st and 3rd months, patient's health was good.

Conclusion
With our case it was aimed to emphasize the importance of delivering these babies before their 40th week by diagnosing them in their prenatal early period and transferring them to an experienced center regarding health of both mother and the baby.

References